Tsumura & Co.

Revised: March 2013 (5th version)

Standard Commodity Classification No. of Japan 875200

- Kampo-preparation-

TSUMURA Shohangekabukuryoto Extract Granules for Ethical Use

<shohangekabukuryoto>

Storage						
Store	in	light-resistant,	air-tight	con-		
tainers.						

Expiration date						
Use before the expiration date indi-						
cated on the container and the outer						
nackage						

Approval No.	(61AM)1123
Date of listing in the NHI reimbursement price	October 1986
Date of initial marketing in Japan	October 1986

DESCRIPTION

DESCRIP II	DESCRII IION				
	7.5 g of TSUMURA Shohangekabukuryoto extract granules contains 2.25 g of a dried extract of the				
Composition	following mixed crude drugs.				
	JP Pinellia Tuber 6.0 g				
	JP Poria Sclerotium 5.0 g				
	JP Ginger 1.5 g				
	(JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)				
	Inactive ingredients	JP Magnesium Stearate			
		JP Lactose Hydrate			
Description	Dosage form	Granules			
	Color	Light grayish-white			
	Smell	Characteristic smell			
	Taste	Pungent			
	ID code	TSUMURA/21			

INDICATIONS

TSUMURA Shohangekabukuryoto Extract Granules (hereafter TJ-21) is indicated for the relief of the following symptoms of those patients with a moderately strong constitution:

Hyperemesis gravidarum (morning sickness) and vomiting associated with other diseases (acute gastroenteritis, exudative pleurisy, wet beriberi, and empyema)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The usual adult dose is 7.5 g/day orally in 2 or 3 divided doses before or between meals. The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age and body weight, and symptoms.

PRECAUTIONS

1. Important Precautions

(1) When TJ-21 is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into account. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms/findings is observed, continuous treatment should be avoided.

(2) When TJ-21 is coadministered with other Kampopreparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines), etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

SHO: The term "SHO" refers to a particular pathological status of a patient evaluated by the Kampo diagnosis, and is patterned according to the patient's constitution, symptoms, etc. Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines) should be used after confirmation that it is suitable for the identified "SHO" of the patient.

2. Use in the Elderly

Because elderly patients often have reduced physiological function, careful supervision and measures such as reducing the dose are recommended.

3. Use during Pregnancy, Delivery or Lactation

The safety of TJ-21 in pregnant women has not been established. Therefore, TJ-21 should be used in pregnant women, women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

4. Pediatric Use

The safety of TJ-21 in children has not been established. [Insufficient clinical data]

PACKAGING

Bottles of 500 g 2.5 g \times 42 packets 2.5 g \times 189 packets

REQUEST FOR LITERATURE SHOULD BE MADE TO:

Consumer Information Services Center Tsumura & Co.

2-17-11 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-8521, Japan

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Manufactured and Distributed by:

Tsumura & Co.

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