Tsumura & Co.

Revised: May 2007 (4th version)

Standard Commodity Classification No. of Japan 875200

- Kampo-preparation-

TSUMURA Ninjinto Extract Granules for Ethical Use

<ninjinto>

Storage				
Store is	n	light-resistant,	air-tight	con-
tainers.				

Expiration date				
Use before the expiration date ind	li-			
cated on the container and the out	er			
nackage				

Approval No.	(61AM)3276
Date of listing in the NHI reimbursement price	October 1986
Date of initial marketing in Japan	October 1986

CONTRAINDICATIONS (Ninjinto is contraindicated in the following patients.)

- 1. Patients with aldosteronism
- 2. Patients with myopathy
- 3. Patients with hypokalemia
- [1-3: These diseases or symptoms may be aggravated.]

DESCRIPTION

	7.5 g of TSUMURA Ninjinto extract granules con-		
Composition	tains 2.5 g of a dried extract of the following mixed		
	crude drugs.		
	JP Processed Ginger 3.0 g		
	JP Glycyrrhiza 3.0 g		
	JP Atractylodes Lancea Rhizome 3.0 g		
	JP Ginseng 3.0 g		
	(JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)		
	Inactive ingredients	JP Magnesium Stearate	
		JP Lactose Hydrate	
	Dosage form	Granules	
Description	Color	Light grayish-brown	
	Smell	Characteristic smell	
	Taste	Pungent	
	ID code	TSUMURA/32	

INDICATIONS

Ninjinto is indicated for the relief of the following symptoms of those patients with delicate constitution or those whose weak constitution declined due to disease or fatigue:

Acute & chronic enterogastritis, gastric atony, gastric dilation, vomiting of pregnancy (morning sickness), atrophic kidney

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The usual adult dose is 7.5 g/day orally in 2 or 3 divided doses before or between meals. The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age and body weight, and symptoms.

PRECAUTIONS

1. Important Precautions

- (1) When this product is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into account. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms/findings is observed, continuous treatment should be avoided.
- (2) Since this product contains Glycyrrhiza, careful attention should be paid to the serum potassium level, blood pressure, etc., and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued.
- (3) When this product is coadministered with other Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines), etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

SHO: The term "SHO" refers to a particular pathological status of a patient evaluated by the Kampo diagnosis, and is patterned according to the patient's constitution, symptoms, etc. Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines) should be used after confirmation that it is suitable for the identified "SHO" of the patient.

2. Drug Interactions

Precautions for coadministration (Ninjinto should be administered with care when coadministered with the following drugs.)

Drugs	Signs, Symptoms, and Treatment	Mechanism and Risk Factors			
(1) Preparations contain-	Pseudoaldosteronism	Since glycyrrhizinic			
ing Glycyrrhiza	is likely to occur.	acid and diuretics			
(2) Preparations contain-	Besides, myopathy is	have an accelerating			
ing glycyrrhizinic	likely to occur as a	action on the potas-			
acid or	result of hypo-	sium excretion at the			
glycyrrhizinates	kalemia.	renal tubules, an ac-			
(3) Loop diuretics	(Refer to the section	celeration of decrease			
Furosemide	"Clinically signifi-	in the serum potas-			
Etacrynic acid	cant adverse reac-	sium level has been			
(4) Thiazide diuretics	tions".)	suggested.			
Trichlormethiazide					

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3. Adverse Reactions

This product has not been investigated (drug use investigations, etc.) to determine the incidence of adverse reactions. Therefore, the incidence of adverse reactions is not known.

(1) Clinically significant adverse reactions

- 1) Pseudoaldosteronism: Pseudoaldosteronism such as hypokalemia, increased blood pressure, retention of sodium/body fluid, edema, increased body weight, etc. may occur. The patient should be carefully monitored (measurement of serum potassium level, etc.), and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.
- 2) Myopathy: Myopathy may occur as a result of hypokalemia. The patient should be carefully monitored, and if any abnormality such as weakness, convulsion/paralysis of limbs, etc. are observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.

(2) Other adverse reactions

	Incidence unknown	
Hypersensitivity Note 1)	Rash, Urticaria, etc.	

Note 1) If such symptoms are observed, administration should be discontinued.

4. Use in the Elderly

Because elderly patients often have reduced physiological function, careful supervision and measures such as reducing the dose are recommended.

5. Use during Pregnancy, Delivery or Lactation

The safety of this product in pregnant women has not been established. Therefore, the product should be used in pregnant women, women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

6. Pediatric Use

The safety of this product in children has not been established. [Insufficient clinical data.]

PACKAGING

Bottles of 500 g and boxes of 5 kg (500 g \times 10 bottles)

 $2.5 \text{ g} \times 42 \text{ packets}$

 $2.5 \text{ g} \times 189 \text{ packets}$

REQUEST FOR LITERATURE SHOULD BE MADE TO:

Consumer Information Services Center

Tsumura & Co.

2-17-11 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-8521, Japan

Manufactured and Distributed by:

Tsumura & Co.

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