Tsumura & Co.

Revised: March 2013 (6th version)

| Standard | d Commodity Classification No. of Japan |  |
|----------|---|--|
|          | 875200                                  |  |

- Kampo-preparation-

# TSUMURA Tokiinshi Extract Granules for Ethical Use

<tokiinshi>

|         |    | Storage          |           |      |
|---------|----|------------------|-----------|------|
| Store   | in | light-resistant, | air-tight | con- |
| tainers | s. |                  |           |      |

| Expiration date                   |     |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Use before the expiration date in | di- |
| cated on the container and the ou | ter |
| nackage                           |     |

| Approval No.                                   | (61AM)3298   |
|--|--------------|
| Date of listing in the NHI reimbursement price | October 1986 |
| Date of initial marketing in Japan             | October 1986 |

## **DESCRIPTION**

|             | 7.5 g of TSUMURA                                   | Tokiinshi extract granules |  |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|--|
|             | contains 5.0 g of a dried extract of the following |                            |  |
|             | mixed crude drugs.                                 |                            |  |
|             |  | Root 5.0 g                 |  |
|             |  | 4.0 g                      |  |
|             | JP Tribulus Fruit                                  |                            |  |
|             | JP Peony Root                                      |                            |  |
|             | JP Cnidium Rhizome 3.0 g                           |                            |  |
| Composition | JP Saposhnikovia Root                              |                            |  |
|             | JP Polygonum Root 2.0 g                            |                            |  |
|             | JP Astragalus Root                                 |                            |  |
|             | JP Schizonepeta Spike 1.5 g                        |                            |  |
|             | JP Glycyrrhiza 1.0 g                               |                            |  |
|             | (JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)                   |                            |  |
|             | (01) The supunese Tha                              | JP Magnesium Stearate      |  |
|             | Inactive ingredients                               | JP Lactose Hydrate         |  |
|             | Dosage form  | Granules Granules          |  |
|             | <u> </u>   |                            |  |
| Description | Color  | Grayish-brown              |  |
|             | Smell  | Characteristic smell       |  |
|             | Taste  | Slightly sweet             |  |
|             | ID code  | TSUMURA/86                 |  |

# **INDICATIONS**

TSUMURA Tokiinshi Extract Granules (hereafter TJ-86) is indicated for the relief of the following symptoms of those patients with oversensitivity to cold:

Chronic eczema (with little exudation) and itching

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The usual adult dose is 7.5 g/day orally in 2 or 3 divided doses before or between meals. The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age and body weight, and symptoms.

# **PRECAUTIONS**

- 1. Careful Administration (TJ-86 should be administered with care in the following patients.)
  - (1) Patients with an extremely weak gastrointestinal tract [Anorexia, epigastric distress, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, etc. may occur.]

(2) Patients with anorexia, nausea or vomiting [These symptoms may be aggravated.]

#### 2. Important Precautions

- (1) When TJ-86 is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into account. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms/findings is observed, continuous treatment should be avoided.
- (2) Since TJ-86 contains Glycyrrhiza, careful attention should be paid to the serum potassium level, blood pressure, etc., and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued.
- (3) When TJ-86 is coadministered with other Kampopreparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines), etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

SHO: The term "SHO" refers to a particular pathological status of a patient evaluated by the Kampo diagnosis, and is patterned according to the patient's constitution, symptoms, etc. Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines) should be used after confirmation that it is suitable for the identified "SHO" of the patient.

# 3. Drug Interactions

Precautions for coadministration (TJ-86 should be administered with care when coadministered with the following drugs.)

|   | 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Drugs   | Signs, Symptoms, and Treatment   | Mechanism and<br>Risk Factors  |  |  |
| (1) Preparations containing Glycyrrhiza     (2) Preparations containing glycyrrhizinic acid or glycyrrhizinates | Pseudoaldosteronism<br>is likely to occur.<br>Besides, myopathy is<br>likely to occur as a<br>result of hypokale-<br>mia.<br>(Refer to the section<br>"Clinically signifi-<br>cant adverse reac-<br>tions".) | Since glycyrrhizinic acid has an accelerating action on the potassium excretion at the renal tubules, an acceleration of decrease in the serum potassium level has been suggested. |  |  |

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#### 4. Adverse Reactions

TJ-86 has not been investigated (drug use investigations, etc.) to determine the incidence of adverse reactions. Therefore, the incidence of adverse reactions is not known.

#### (1) Clinically significant adverse reactions

- 1) Pseudoaldosteronism: Pseudoaldosteronism such as hypokalemia, increased blood pressure, retention of sodium/body fluid, edema, increased body weight, etc. may occur. The patient should be carefully monitored (measurement of serum potassium level, etc.), and if any abnormality is observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.
- 2) Myopathy: Myopathy may occur as a result of hypokalemia. The patient should be carefully monitored, and if any abnormality such as weakness, convulsion/paralysis of limbs, etc. are observed, administration should be discontinued and appropriate measures such as administration of potassium preparations should be taken.

#### (2) Other adverse reactions

|                          | Incidence unknown   |  |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| Hypersensitivity Note 1) | Rash, Redness, Pruritus, Uriticaria, etc.                       |  |
| Gastrointestinal         | Anorexia, Epigastric distress, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea, etc. |  |

Note 1) If such symptoms are observed, administration should be discontinued.

# 5. Use in the Elderly

Because elderly patients often have reduced physiological function, careful supervision and measures such as reducing the dose are recommended.

## 6. Use during Pregnancy, Delivery or Lactation

The safety of TJ-86 in pregnant women has not been established. Therefore, TJ-86 should be used in pregnant women, women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

#### 7. Pediatric Use

The safety of TJ-86 in children has not been established. [Insufficient clinical data]

# **PACKAGING**

Bottles of 500 g  $2.5 \text{ g} \times 42 \text{ packets}$   $2.5 \text{ g} \times 189 \text{ packets}$ 

#### REQUEST FOR LITERATURE SHOULD BE MADE TO:

Consumer Information Services Center Tsumura & Co. 2-17-11 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-8521, Japan

# Manufactured and Distributed by:

Tsumura & Co.

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