Standard Commodity Classification No. of Japan 875200

- Kampo-preparation-

# **TSUMURA Inchingoreisan Extract Granules for Ethical Use**

<inchingoreisan>

Approval No.	(61AM)3286
Date of listing in the NHI reimbursement price	October 1986
Date of initial marketing in Japan	October 1986

#### Expiration date

Storage Store in light-resistant, air-tight con-

Use before the expiration date indicated on the container and the outer package.

#### DESCRIPTION

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Composition	7.5 g of TSUMURA	Inchingoreisan extract gra-	
	nules contains 2.75 g of a dried extract of the fol-		
	lowing mixed crude drugs.		
	JP Alisma Rhizome 6.0 g		
	JP Atractylodes Lancea Rhizome 4.5 g		
	JP Polyporus Sclerotium 4.5 g		
	JP Poria Sclerotium 4.5 g		
	JP Artemisia Capillaris Flower 4.0 g		
	JP Cinnamon Bark 2.5 g		
	(JP: The Japanese Pharmacopoeia)		
	Inactive ingredients	JP Magnesium Stearate	
		JP Lactose Hydrate	
Description	Dosage form	Granules	
	Color	Light brown	
	Smell	Characteristic smell	
	Taste	Slightly astringent	
	ID code	TSUMURA/117	

# INDICATIONS

TSUMURA Inchingoreisan Extract Granules (hereafter TJ-117) is indicated for the relief of the following symptoms of those patients with dry throat and decreased urine volume: Vomiting, urticaria, hangover nausea, and swelling

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The usual adult dose is 7.5 g/day orally in 2 or 3 divided doses before or between meals. The dosage may be adjusted according to the patient's age and body weight, and symptoms.

# PRECAUTIONS

### 1. Important Precautions

(1) When TJ-117 is used, the patient's "SHO" (constitution/symptoms) should be taken into account. The patient's progress should be carefully monitored, and if no improvement in symptoms/findings is observed, continuous treatment should be avoided. (2) When TJ-117 is coadministered with other Kampopreparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines), etc., attention should be paid to the duplication of the contained crude drugs.

SHO: The term "SHO" refers to a particular pathological status of a patient evaluated by the Kampo diagnosis, and is patterned according to the patient's constitution, symptoms, etc. Kampo-preparations (Japanese traditional herbal medicines) should be used after confirmation that it is suitable for the identified "SHO" of the patient.

#### 2. Adverse Reactions

TJ-117 has not been investigated (drug use investigations, etc.) to determine the incidence of adverse reactions. Therefore, the incidence of adverse reactions is not known.

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	Incidence unknown	
Hypersensitivity Note 1)	Rash, Redness, Pruritus, etc.	

Note 1) If such symptoms are observed, administration should be discontinued.

#### 3. Use in the Elderly

Because elderly patients often have reduced physiological function, careful supervision and measures such as reducing the dose are recommended.

#### 4. Use during Pregnancy, Delivery or Lactation

The safety of TJ-117 in pregnant women has not been established. Therefore, TJ-117 should be used in pregnant women, women who may possibly be pregnant only if the expected therapeutic benefits outweigh the possible risks associated with treatment.

#### 5. Pediatric Use

The safety of TJ-117 in children has not been established. [Insufficient clinical data]

# PACKAGING

Bottles of 500 g 2.5 g × 42 packets 2.5 g × 189 packets

# **REQUEST FOR LITERATURE SHOULD BE MADE TO:**

Consumer Information Services Center Tsumura & Co. 2-17-11 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-8521, Japan

## Manufactured and Distributed by:

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